## Arjit Jain

## Motivation

- Modelling extreme events to evaluate and mitigate their risk has applications in Financial Crashes and managing unexpectedly high demands in Online Services
- Wide range of generated extreme examples can be used by domain experts to understand the nature of extreme events
- Can be used to perform Stress Testing

# Challenges

- Lack of training examples: One does not simply train a GAN on just the extreme samples in the dataset, because of the rarity of "extreme" samples in any moderately sized dataset
- Conditional Generation: Need to generate extreme samples at any given, user-specified extremeness level
- **Scalability**: Need to be fast, even for highly extreme samples. Otherwise, we could just employ unconditional generation with rejection sampling

### Methods

#### **DISTRIBUTION SHIFTING**

While dataset not extreme enough:

Train an unconditional GAN on your dataset
Use this GAN to augment your dataset with fake data
Discard low extremeness samples from the dataset

# EXTREME VALUE THEORY (EVT) BASED CONDITIONAL GENERATION

Use the dataset created in the previous step to train a conditional GAN

Use EVT to model the distribution of extremeness values
Use the above distribution to translate desired user
extremeness levels to the conditioning input for the GAN

# Paper Contents

In the paper, we

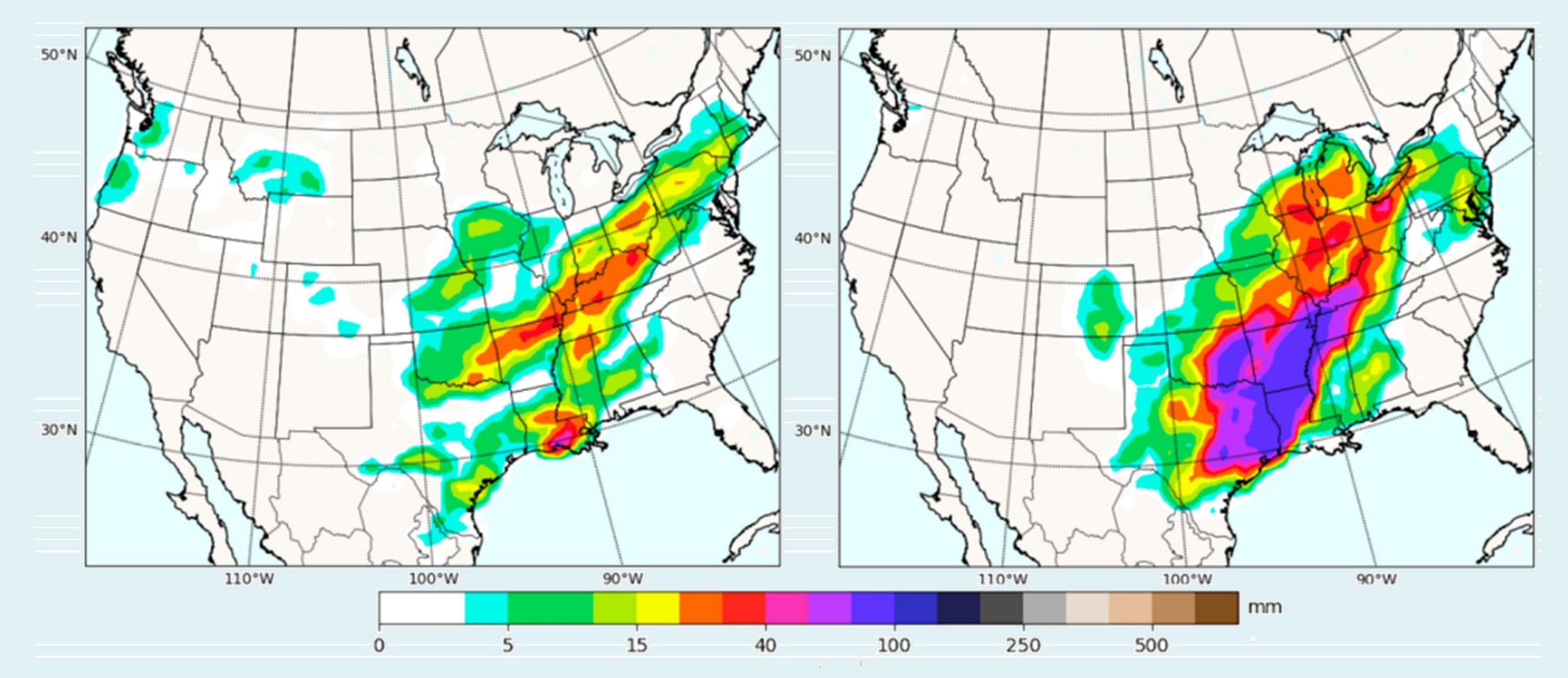
- Provide proper motivation to our problem statement
- Define tools that help us formally describe our setup, and assumptions, and make our analysis concrete
- Explain the baseline approach, and compare thoroughly with our approach.
- Describe implementational tricks for our approach
- Discuss limitations of our approach and scope for future work



# ExGAN: Adversarial Generation of Extreme Samples

How to generate extreme samples (right) using a dataset consisting of mostly normal samples (left)?

How to provide control over the extremeness of generated samples? Without making assumptions about how extremeness is defined?



For a spatial rainfall dataset, let the total rainfall be a representative of the extremeness. Then, using this dataset how do you generate mild floods? severe floods? Noah's Flood? Are the generated samples *realistic?* What does it mean to be realistic for something that you have not seen?









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